



**ATOMIC ENERGY CENTRAL SCHOOL-II, HYDERABAD**

**CLASS VIII**

**WORKSHEET (2025-2026)**

**LESSONS COVERED: CHAPTER 1: "THE WIT THAT WON HEARTS"**

**SUBJECT: ENGLISH**

**TOTAL MARKS – 40M**

**NAME:**

**SEC:**

**ROLL NO:**

**Part-I Reading Comprehension**

**I. Read the following comprehension carefully and answer the given questions: (10M)**

Karl Benz invented the modern car in 1888 in Germany. Emile Roger worked for Benz in France. He made cars in France. By 1900, many people were building cars in France and in the U.S. The first company to build only cars was Panhardet Levassor in France. Panhard started in 1889. The Peugeot car company started in 1891 in France. In the US, Frank and Charles Duryea started the Duryea Motor Wagon Company in 1893. It was the first US car company. By 1902, Ransom E. Olds started the Olds Motor Vehicle Company. A year later, Henry Ford started the Ford Motor company. It produced the Cadillac. All these early modern cars burned gasoline or diesel fuel. Ford opened factories in France and Britain in 1911. Then, they opened a factory in Denmark in 1923. Later, they opened a factory in Germany in 1925. Ford was one of the first manufacturers to use an assembly line. With an assembly line, factory workers could produce cars faster and safer than other production systems. Most modern cars still burn gasoline or diesel fuel. These cars cause air pollution. They get the air dirty. Now many people are looking for cleaner cars. And, many car companies are looking for cleaner fuels.

**1.1 Choose the right option. (1 X 6 = 6)**

**Q 1) Which company first built only cars?**

- A. Benz      B. Ford      C. Duryea      D. Panhard

**Q 2) When did the Peugeot car company start?**

- A. 1888      B. 1889      C. 1890      D. 1891

**Q 3) What was the first U.S. car company?**

- A. Ford      B. Olds      C. Duryea      D. Cadillac

**Q 4) The Ford Motor Company opened a...**

- A. factory in Denmark in 1911      B. factory in Germany in 1925  
C. factory in Britain in 1929      D. factory in France in 1931

**Q 5) Whose idea was the assembly line?**

- A. Charles Duryea's      B. Emile Roger's      C. Henry Ford's      D. Karl Benz's

**Q 6) Pollution in the air is...**

- A. dirty air      B. clean air  
C. a kind of fuel      D. a system of production.

**1.2 Answer the following questions (1 X 4 = 4M)**

- Q 1)** In what country did Karl Benz invent the modern car?  
**Q 2)** What was the first company to exclusively build cars?  
**Q 3)** Who started the first car company in the United States?  
**Q 4)** What type of fuel did early modern cars typically use?

**Part –II Grammar**

**II. The following paragraph has not been edited. There is one error in each line. Identify the error and write down its correction against the correct blank number. The first one has been done for you. (5M)**

|   | e.g. | Error | Correction |
|---|------|-------|------------|
| Some days is good and some days         |      | is    | are        |
| are bad. Today, I got on very late. I   | 1    |       |            |
| ran to bathe. Then I had to got ready   | 2    |       |            |
| for My School. I ran by the Bus stop to | 3    |       |            |
| catch My School Bus. It have            | 4    |       |            |
| already left but I came back Home.      | 5    |       |            |

**III. Rearrange the jumbled words to make meaningful sentences. (5M)**

1. dog/Rahul/with/his/pet/playing/enjoys.
2. to/the/company/goods/Vietnam /exports.
3. she/interested/that/was/in/proposal/said/she/the.
4. Oliver Twist/workhouse/in/was/born/a
5. knew /father/nobody/who/was/his

### **Part-III Writing**

**V. You are the Cultural Secretary of your school you have been asked to inform students of Classes VI to VIII about an Inter School Dramatics Competition. Draft a notice in about 50 words to be put up on the school notice board, with all necessary details. (5M)**

**VI. Write a paragraph on “The Night before the Examination”. (5M)**

### **Part-IV Literature**

**VII Read the extract given below from the story “THE WIT THAT WON HEARTS” and answer the following questions. (4M)**

Krishnadeva Raya’s court was home to eight celebrated poets, collectively known as the Ashtadiggajas. These poets, including Allasani Peddana and Tenali Ramakrishna, enriched the literary tradition with their masterpieces. Tenali Ramakrishna, in particular, was known for his quick wit and humour, earning him a special place in the king’s court as both a poet and a witty advisor. His clever solutions to seemingly **insurmountable** problems made him a beloved figure in the empire’s history.

**Answer the following short questions: (4X1=4M)**

**Q 1)** Who were the eight celebrated poets in Krishnadeva Raya’s court collectively known as?

**Q 2)** Name any two poets from the Ashtadiggajas mentioned in the passage.

**Q 3)** For what qualities was Tenali Ramakrishna particularly known?

**Q 4)** Why did Tenali Ramakrishna hold a special place in Krishnadeva Raya’s court?

**Answer the following questions: (3X2=6M)**

**Q 1)** How did Tenali Ramakrishna gain a special place in the king’s court?

**Q 2)** How did the quarrel between the king and the queen affect the palace?

**Q 3)** What strategy did Tenali Rama use to make the king realise his mistake?